# 2 AND 9 ARE THE ONLY BIUNITARY SUPERPERFECT NUMBERS

Tomohiro Yamada (Minoo, Japan)

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**Abstract.** We shall show that 2 and 9 are the only biunitary superperfect numbers and give biunitary multiply superperfect numbers below  $2^{32}$ , posing some related problems.

#### 1. Introduction

Some special classes of divisors have also been studied in several papers. One of them is the class of unitary divisors defined by Eckford Cohen [2]. A

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divisor d of N is called a unitary divisor if gcd(d, N/d) = 1. Wall [15] introduced the notion of biunitary divisors. A divisor d of a positive integer n is called a biunitary divisor if  $gcd_1(d, n/d) = 1$ , where  $gcd_1(a, b)$  is the greatest common unitary divisor of a and b.

According to E. Cohen [2] and Wall [15] respectively, we let  $\sigma^*(N)$  and  $\sigma^{**}(N)$  denote the sum of unitary and biunitary divisors of N. Moreover, we write  $d \mid N$  if d is a unitary divisor of N. Hence, for a prime p, we have  $p^e \mid N$  if p divides N exactly e times. Replacing  $\sigma$  by  $\sigma^*$ , Subbarao and Warren [13] introduced the notion of a unitary perfect number. N is called to be unitary perfect if  $\sigma^*(N) = 2N$ . They proved that there are no odd unitary perfect numbers and 6,60,90,87360 are the first four unitary perfect numbers. Later the fifth unitary perfect number was found by Wall [16], but no further instance has been found. Subbarao [12] conjectured that there are only finitely many unitary perfect numbers.

Similarly, a positive integers N is called biunitary perfect if  $\sigma^{**}(N) = 2N$ . Wall [15] showed that 6, 60 and 90, the first three unitary perfect numbers, are the only biunitary perfect numbers.

Combining the notion of superperfect numbers and the notion of unitary divisors, Sitaramaiah and Subbarao [8] studied unitary superperfect numbers, integers N satisfying  $\sigma^*(\sigma^*(N)) = 2N$ . They found all unitary super perfect numbers below  $10^8$  (Further instances are given in A038843 in OEIS [9]). The first ones are 2, 9, 165, 238. Thus there are both even and odd ones. The author [17] showed that 9, 165 are all of the odd ones.

Now we can call an integer N satisfying  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = 2N$  to be biunitary superperfect. We can see that 2 and 9 are biunitary superperfect as well as unitary superperfect, while 2 is also superperfect (in the ordinary sense).

In this paper, we shall determine all biunitary superperfect numbers.

## **Theorem 1.1.** 2 and 9 are the only biunitary superperfect numbers.

Theorem 1.1 can be thought to be the analogous result for unitary superperfect numbers by the author [17]. Our proof is completely elementary but has some different character from the proof of the unitary analogue. Our argument leads to a contradiction that  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))/N > 2$  in many cases, while Yamada [17] leads to a contradiction that  $\sigma^*(\sigma^*(N))/N < 2$ . Moreover, in the biunitary case, we can determine all (odd or even) biunitary superperfect numbers.

Our method does not seem to work to find all odd superperfect numbers. It prevents us from bounding  $\omega(N)$  and  $\omega(\sigma(N))$  that  $\sigma(p^e)$  with p odd takes an odd value if e is even. All that we know is the author's result [18] that there are only finitely many odd superperfect numbers N with  $\omega(N) \leq k$  or

 $\omega(\sigma(N)) \leq k$  for each given k. We note that Sándor and Kovács [7] showed that N=2 is the only even integer for which  $\sigma(\sigma^{**}(N))=2N$ .

Finally, analogous to G. L. Cohen and te Riele [4], we can define a positive integer N to (m,k)-biunitary perfect if its m-th iteration of  $\sigma^{**}$  equals to kN. We searched for numbers which are (2,k)-biunitary perfect for some k (or biunitary multiply superperfect numbers) and exhaustive search revealed that there exist exactly 185 integers N below  $2^{32}$  dividing  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))$  including 1, which are given in Table 1.

Based on our theorem and our search result, we can pose the following problems:

- For each integer  $k \geq 3$ , are there infinitely or only finitely many integers N for which  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = kN$ ? In particular, are the 24 given integers N all for which  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = kN$  with  $k \leq 5$ ?
- For each integer k = 19 or  $k \ge 21$ , does there exist at least one or no integer N for which  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = kN$ ?
- Are N = 9, 15, 21, 1023, 8925, 15345 all odd integers diving  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))$ ?

### 2. Preliminary Lemmas

In this section, we shall give several preliminary lemmas concerning the sum of biunitary divisors used to prove our main theorems.

Before all, we introduce two basic facts from [15]. The sum of biunitary divisors function  $\sigma^{**}$  is multiplicative. Moreover, if p is prime and e is a positive integer, then

(2.1) 
$$\sigma^{**}(p^e) = \begin{cases} p^e + p^{e-1} + \dots + 1 = \frac{p^{e+1} - 1}{p-1}, & \text{if } e \text{ is odd;} \\ \frac{p^{e+1} - 1}{p-1} - p^{e/2} = \frac{(p^{e/2} - 1)(p^{e/2} + 1)}{p-1}, & \text{if } e \text{ is even.} \end{cases}$$

We note that, using the floor function, this can be represented by the single formula:

(2.2) 
$$\sigma^{**}(p^e) = \frac{\left(p^{\left\lfloor \frac{e+2}{2} \right\rfloor} + 1\right) \left(p^{\left\lfloor \frac{e+1}{2} \right\rfloor} - 1\right)}{p-1}.$$

From these facts, we can deduce the following lemmas almost immediately.

k         #N's         N           1         1         1           2         2         2,9           3         4         8,10,21,512           4         8         15,18,324,1023,1404,3276,8925,15345           5         9         24,30,144,288,1428,1536,2046,14976,23040           6         13         42,60,160,270,630,2880,4092,4608,11550,35700,410000,50918400,673254400           7         13         240,1200,2400,16368,82944,139968,326592,359424,748800,838656,2895984,10723328,171196416           8         18         648,2808,3570,6552,17850,30690,41472,225680,390320,449820,1128400,1474470,1801800,2829060,3022500,522746224,887978000,1062892908           9         26         168,960,10368,10752,44928,46200,52920,65472,69120,104832,161280,360000,571200,982080,2176000,2257920,2956800,4055040,9369360,31434624,18054400,28828800,148403200,153990144,187765760,769600000           10         19         480,2856,13824,32736,33264,74256,149760,182784,1782144,5658120,10213632,46126080,96509952,148599360,362119680,526156800,526156800,526156800,526156800,526156800,526156800,526156800,526156800,40505056,627720192,2125785816           11         9         321408,1392768,2142720,3628800,14622720,15724800,73113600,125706240,3509345280           12         27         4320,10080,14280,36960,71400,184800,342720,720720,913920,456995000,7856640,8910720,11531520,13219200,14443520,22932000,28959840,4455361808,297198720,779688000,1279184640           13<			
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$\begin{array}{c} 161280, 360000, 571200, 982080, 2176000, 2257920, 2956800, 4055040,\\ 9369360, 13434624, 18054400, 28828800, 148403200, 153990144,\\ 187765760, 769600000 \\ \hline \\ 10 & 19 & 480, 2856, 13824, 32736, 33264, 74256, 149760, 182784, 1782144,\\ 5658120, 10213632, 46126080, 96509952, 148599360, 362119680,\\ 526156800, 545965056, 627720192, 2125785816 \\ \hline \\ 11 & 9 & 321408, 1392768, 2142720, 3628800, 14622720, 15724800, 73113600,\\ 125706240, 3509345280 \\ \hline \\ 12 & 27 & 4320, 10080, 14280, 36960, 71400, 184800, 342720, 720720, 913920,\\ 4569600, 7856640, 8910720, 11531520, 13219200, 14443520, 22932000,\\ 28959840, 44553600, 48360000, 56619648, 57657600, 84084000,\\ 164633040, 245351808, 297198720, 779688000, 1279184640 \\ \hline \\ 13 & 10 & 57120, 17821440, 32006016, 33480000, 129948000, 202368000,\\ 209986560, 942120960, 1505520000, 1948320000 \\ \hline \\ 14 & 13 & 103680, 217728, 449280, 108732000, 115153920, 297872640, 298721280,\\ 724239360, 773760000, 1165933440, 1508855040, 3053635200,\\ 3567037824 \\ \hline \\ 15 & 4 & 1827840, 181059840, 754427520, 1616855040 \\ \hline \\ 16 & 5 & 23591520, 166333440, 243540000, 594397440, 3102010560 \\ \hline \\ 17 & 1 & 898128000 \\ \hline \\ 18 & 2 & 374250240, 4070926080 \\ \hline \end{array}$	8	18	1128400, 1474470, 1801800, 2829060, 3022500, 522746224, 887978000,
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$\begin{array}{c} 125706240, 3509345280 \\ 12 \\ 27 \\ 4320, 10080, 14280, 36960, 71400, 184800, 342720, 720720, 913920, \\ 4569600, 7856640, 8910720, 11531520, 13219200, 14443520, 22932000, \\ 28959840, 44553600, 48360000, 56619648, 57657600, 84084000, \\ 164633040, 245351808, 297198720, 779688000, 1279184640 \\ 13 \\ 10 \\ 57120, 17821440, 32006016, 33480000, 129948000, 202368000, \\ 209986560, 942120960, 1505520000, 1948320000 \\ 14 \\ 13 \\ 103680, 217728, 449280, 108732000, 115153920, 297872640, 298721280, \\ 724239360, 773760000, 1165933440, 1508855040, 3053635200, \\ 3567037824 \\ 15 \\ 4 \\ 1827840, 181059840, 754427520, 1616855040 \\ 16 \\ 5 \\ 23591520, 166333440, 243540000, 594397440, 3102010560 \\ 17 \\ 1 \\ 898128000 \\ 18 \\ 2 \\ 374250240, 4070926080 \\ \end{array}$	10	19	5658120, 10213632, 46126080, 96509952, 148599360, 362119680,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11	9	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12	27	4569600, 7856640, 8910720, 11531520, 13219200, 14443520, 22932000, 28959840, 44553600, 48360000, 56619648, 57657600, 84084000,
724239360, 773760000, 1165933440, 1508855040, 3053635200, 3567037824  15 4 1827840, 181059840, 754427520, 1616855040  16 5 23591520, 166333440, 243540000, 594397440, 3102010560  17 1 898128000  18 2 374250240, 4070926080	13	10	
16     5     23591520, 166333440, 243540000, 594397440, 3102010560       17     1     898128000       18     2     374250240, 4070926080	14	13	
17 1 898128000 18 2 374250240, 4070926080	15	4	1827840, 181059840, 754427520, 1616855040
18 2 374250240, 4070926080	16	5	23591520, 166333440, 243540000, 594397440, 3102010560
	17	1	898128000
20 1 11975040	18	2	374250240, 4070926080
	20	1	11975040

Table 1. All positive integers  $N \leq 2^{32}$  such that  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = kN$  for some

**Lemma 2.1.**  $\sigma^{**}(n)$  is odd if and only if n is a power of 2 (including 1). More exactly,  $\sigma^{**}(n)$  is divisible by 2 at least  $\omega(n)$  times if n is odd and at least  $\omega(n) - 1$  times if n is even.

**Proof.** Whether e is even or odd,  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)$  is odd if and only if p=2 by (2.1). Factoring  $n=2^e\prod_{i=1}^r p_i^{e_i}$  into distinct odd primes  $p_1,p_2,\ldots,p_r$  with  $e\geq 0$  and  $e_1,e_2,\ldots,e_r>0$ , each  $\sigma^{**}(p_i^{e_i})$  is even. Hence,  $\sigma^{**}(n)=\sigma^{**}(2^e)\prod_{i=1}^r \sigma^{**}(p_i^{e_i})$  is divisible by 2 at least r times, where  $r=\omega(n)$  if n is odd and  $\omega(n)-1$  if n is even.

**Lemma 2.2.** For any prime p and any positive integer e,  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)/p^e \ge 1 + 1/p^2$ . Moreover,  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)/p^e \ge 1 + 1/p$  unless e = 2 and  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)/p^e \ge (1 + 1/p)(1 + 1/p^3)$  if  $e \ge 3$ . More generally, for any positive integers m and  $e \ge 2m - 1$ , we have  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)/p^e \ge \sigma^{**}(p^{2m})/p^{2m}$  and, unless e = 2m,  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)/p^e \ge 1 + 1/p + \cdots + 1/p^m$ .

**Proof.** If  $e \geq 2m-1$  and e is odd, then  $p^e, p^{e-1}, \ldots, p, 1$  are biunitary divisors of  $p^e$ . If e > 2m and e is even, then  $p^e, p^{e-1}, \ldots, p^{e-m}$  are biunitary divisors of  $p^e$  since e-m>e/2. Hence, if  $e \geq 2m-1$  and  $e \neq 2m$ , then  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)=p^e+p^{e-1}+\cdots+1>p^e+\cdots+p^{e-m}=p^e(1+1/p+\cdots+1/p^m)$ . Since  $\sigma^{**}(p^{2m})/p^{2m}<1+1/p+\cdots+1/p^m, \sigma^{**}(p^e)/p^e$  with  $e \geq 2m-1$  takes its minimum value at e=2m.

Now we shall quote the following lemma of Bang [1], which has been rediscovered (and extended into numbers of the form  $a^n - b^n$ ) by many authors such as Zsigmondy[19], Dickson[5] and Kanold[6]. See also Theorem 6.4A.1 in Shapiro [10].

**Lemma 2.3.** If  $a > b \ge 1$  are coprime integers, then  $a^n - 1$  has a prime factor which does not divide  $a^m - 1$  for any m < n, unless (a, n) = (2, 1), (2, 6) or n = 2 and a + b is a power of 2. Furthermore, such a prime factor must be congruent to 1 modulo n.

As a corollary, we obtain the following lemma:

**Lemma 2.4.** Let p, q be odd primes and e be a positive integer. If  $\sigma^{**}(p^e) = 2^a q^b$  for some integers a and b, then a) e = 1, b) e = 2 and  $p^2 + 1 = 2q^b$ , c) e = 3,  $p = 2^{a-1} - 1$  is a Mersenne prime and  $p^2 + 1 = 2q^b$  or d) e = 4,  $p = 2^{(a-1)/2} - 1$  is a Mersenne prime and  $p^2 - p + 1 = q^b$ . Moreover, if  $\sigma^{**}(2^e)$  is a prime power, then  $e \le 4$ .

**Proof.** Let p be an arbitrary prime, which can be 2. We set m = e/2, l = e/2 + 1 if e is even and m = l = (e+1)/2 if e is odd. Now (2.2) gives that  $\sigma^{**}(p^e) = (p^l + 1)(p^m - 1)/(p - 1)$  if e is even or odd.

If  $m\geq 3$ , then, by Lemma 2.3,  $(p^m-1)/(p-1)$  must have an odd prime factor and  $p^l+1$  (if e is even or odd) must have another odd prime factor. Hence, we have  $m\leq 2$  and therefore  $e\leq 4$ . If e=1, then  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)=\sigma^{**}(p)=p+1$ , which must be the case a). If e=2, then  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)=p^2+1$ , which must be the case b). If e=3, then  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)=\sigma^{**}(p^3)=(p+1)(p^2+1)$ . If p is odd, then  $p+1=2^{a-1}$  and  $p^2+1=2q^b$  for some odd prime q since  $p^2+1\equiv 2\pmod 4$ . If e=4, then  $\sigma^{**}(p^e)=(p+1)(p^3+1)=(p+1)^2(p^2-p+1)$ , which must be the case d).

#### 3. The even case

Let N be an even biunitary superperfect number. Firstly, we assume that  $\sigma^{**}(N)$  is odd. By Lemma 2.1,  $N=2^e$  must be a power of 2.

If e = 2s - 1 is odd and s > 1, then  $\sigma^{**}(N) = \sigma^{**}(2^{2s-1}) = 2^{2s} - 1 = (2^s - 1)(2^s + 1)$  and  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = \sigma^{**}(2^s - 1)\sigma^{**}(2^s + 1) \ge 2^s(2^s + 2) > 2^{2s}$ , which clearly contradicts that  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = 2N = 2^{2s+1}$ .

If e=2s is even, then  $\sigma^{**}(N)=\sigma^{**}(2^{2s})=(2^s-1)(2^{s+1}+1)$ . For odd s>1, we have  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))=\sigma^{**}(2^s-1)\sigma^{**}(2^{s+1}+1)>2^s(2^{s+1}+2)>2^{2s+1}$ . For even s, we have  $3\mid 2^s-1\mid \sigma^{**}(N)$  and therefore  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))\geq (10/9)\sigma^{**}(N)=(10/9)(2^s-1)(2^{s+1}+1)>2^s(2^{s+1}+1)>2^{2s+1}$ . Hence, if e=2s (with s even or odd) and s>1, then  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))>2N$ , a contradiction again.

Now we have  $e \leq 2$  and we can easily confirm that 2 is biunitary superperfect but 4 not. Hence, N=2 is the only one in the case  $\sigma^{**}(N)$  is odd.

Nextly, we assume that  $\sigma^{**}(N)$  is even and  $2^e \mid\mid N, 2^f \mid\mid \sigma^{**}(N)$ . We can easily see that

(3.1) 
$$\frac{\sigma^{**}(2^f)}{2^f} \cdot \frac{\sigma^{**}(2^e)}{2^e} < \frac{\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))}{\sigma^{**}(N)} \cdot \frac{\sigma^{**}(N)}{N} = 2.$$

If  $e \neq 2$  and  $f \neq 2$ , then Lemma 2.2 gives that  $(\sigma^{**}(2^f)/2^f)(\sigma^{**}(2^e)/2^e) \geq (3/2)^2 > 2$ , which contradicts (3.1). If e = 2 and  $f \geq 3$ , then  $\sigma^{**}(2^f)/2^f \geq 27/16$  and  $(\sigma^{**}(2^f)/2^f)(\sigma^{**}(2^e)/2^e) \geq (27/16)(5/4) > 2$ , a contradiction again. Similarly, we cannot have  $e \geq 3$  and f = 2.

If (e, f) = (2, 1), then  $\sigma^{**}(2) = 3 \mid N$  and therefore, by Lemma 2.2,

(3.2) 
$$\frac{\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))}{N} \ge \frac{10}{9} \cdot \frac{\sigma^{**}(2^f)}{2^f} \cdot \frac{\sigma^{**}(2^e)}{2^e} = \frac{10}{9} \cdot \frac{15}{8} > 2,$$

which contradicts the assumption that  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N)) = 2N$ . Similarly, it is impossible that (e, f) = (1, 2).

The last remaining case is the case (e,f)=(2,2). Now we see that  $\sigma^{**}(2^2)=5$  must divide both N and  $\sigma^{**}(N)$ . Let  $5^g \mid\mid N$  and  $5^h \mid\mid \sigma^{**}(N)$ . If  $g \neq 2$  and  $h \neq 2$ , then  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))/N \geq (5/4)^2(6/5)^2 > 2$ , which is a contradiction again. If  $g \neq 2$  and h = 2, then  $13 = (5^2+1)/2$  must divide N. We must have  $13^2 \mid\mid N$  since otherwise  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))/N \geq (5/4)^2(6/5)(26/25)(14/13) > 2$ , a contradiction. Since  $\sigma^{**}(13^2) = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 17$ , 17 must divide  $\sigma^{**}(N)$ . Proceeding as above,  $17^2$  must divide  $\sigma^{**}(N)$  and  $29 = \sigma^{**}(17^2)/10$  must divide N. Hence, three odd primes 5, 13 and 29 must divide N and N and N must divide N in view of Lemma 2.1, which contradicts that N and N must divide N and N must divide N and N must divide N must divide N must divide N and N must divide N

Finally, if g=2, then  $13=\sigma^{**}(5^2)/2$  divides both N and  $\sigma^{**}(N)$ . Let k be the exponent of 13 dividing  $\sigma^{**}(N)$ . If any odd prime p other than 5 divides  $\sigma^{**}(13^k)$ , then three odd primes 5,13 and p must divide N and N N and N and N must divide N and N

#### 4. The odd case

Let N be an odd biunitary superperfect number. Since  $2 \parallel 2N = \sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))$ , by Lemma 2.1, we have  $\sigma^{**}(N) = 2^f q^g$  and  $\sigma^{**}(2^f)\sigma^{**}(q^g) = 2N$  for some odd prime q. Factor  $N = \prod_i p_i^{e_i}$  into distinct odd primes  $p_i$ 's.

Firstly, we consider the case f=2m-1 is odd. Hence,  $\sigma^{**}(2^f)=2^{2m}-1=(2^m-1)(2^m+1)$ .

Assume that m>1 and take an arbitrary prime factor p of  $2^m-1$ . Then  $p\leq 2^m-1$  must divide N and therefore

$$(4.1) \qquad \frac{\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))}{N} > \frac{p^2+1}{p^2} \cdot \frac{2^{2m}-1}{2^{2m-1}} > \frac{2^{2m}}{2^{2m}-1} \cdot \frac{2^{2m}-1}{2^{2m-1}} = 2,$$

which is impossible. Hence, we must have m = f = 1 and  $\sigma^{**}(2^f) = 3$  divides N. But, since  $\omega(N) \leq m$  by Lemma 2.1, we must have  $N = 3^e$ . By Lemma 2.4, we have  $e \leq 4$ . Checking each e, we see that only  $N = 3^2$  is appropriate.

Nextly, we consider the case f = 2m is even and  $\sigma^{**}(2^f) = (2^m - 1)(2^{m+1} + 1)$ .

If  $2^{m+1}+1$  is composite, then some prime  $p_1 \leq \sqrt{2^{m+1}+1}$  must divide  $2^{m+1}+1$ . We observe that  $2^{m+1}+1=p_1^2$ , or equivalently  $2^{m+1}=(p_1-1)(p_1+1)$ 

occurs only when  $(m, p_1) = (2, 3)$ . Moreover, it is impossible that  $p_1^2 + 1 = 2^{m+1}$  since the left cannot be divisible by 4. Hence, we must have  $p_1^2 \leq 2^{m+1} - 3$  or  $(m, p_1) = (2, 3)$ . By the same argument as above, if  $p_1^2 \leq 2^{m+1} - 3$ , then we should have

$$\frac{\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))}{N} > \frac{p_1^2 + 1}{p_1^2} \cdot \frac{(2^m - 1)(2^{m+1} + 1)}{2^{2m}} \ge \\
\ge \frac{2^{m+1} - 2}{2^{m+1} - 3} \cdot \frac{(2^m - 1)(2^{m+1} + 1)}{2^{2m}} = \frac{2^{3m+1} - 3 \cdot 2^{2m} + 1}{2^{3m} - 3 \cdot 2^{2m-1}} > \\
> 2,$$

which is impossible. If m = 2 and  $p_1 = 3$ , then, since  $\sigma^{**}(2^4) = 3^3$ , we must have  $e_1 = 3$  or  $e_1 = 4$  and therefore, by Lemma 2.2,

$$(4.3) \qquad \frac{\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))}{N} > \frac{\sigma^{**}(2^4)}{2^4} \cdot \frac{\sigma^{**}(3^{e_1})}{3^{e_1}} \ge \frac{27}{16} \cdot \frac{112}{81} = \frac{7}{3} > 2,$$

which is impossible again.

Hence,  $p_1 = 2^{m+1} + 1$  must be a prime dividing N. By Lemma 2.4, we must have  $e_1 \leq 4$ .

If  $e_1 = 1, 3$  or 4, then  $p_1 + 1 = 2^{m+1} + 2$  divides  $\sigma^{**}(N)$  and therefore  $p_1 + 1 = 2(2^m + 1) = 2q^l$ . By Lemma 2.4,  $m = 3, 2^3 + 1 = 3^2$  or  $2^m + 1$  must be a prime. In the latter case, we must have m = 1 since  $2^m + 1$  and  $p_1 = 2^{m+1} + 1$  are both prime. Hence, we must have  $m = 1, p_1 = 5$  or  $m = 3, p_1 = 17$  and, in both cases, q = 3.

In the former case  $(m, p_1, q) = (1, 5, 3)$ , we have  $\sigma^{**}(N) = 2^2 3^g$  and therefore  $\sigma^{**}(5^{e_1}) = 2^a 3^b$ . Hence, we must have  $e_1 = 1$  and N must have the other prime factor  $p_2$  such that  $N = 5p_2^{e_2}, \sigma^{**}(p_2^{e_2}) = 2 \cdot 3^{g-1}$  and  $\sigma^{**}(3^g) = 2p_2^{e_2}$ . We see that  $e_2 = 1, p_2 = 2 \cdot 3^{g-1} - 1$  and  $\sigma^{**}(3^g) = 2p_2$ . Since  $p_2 \neq 5$ , we must have  $g \neq 2$  and therefore  $\sigma^{**}(3^g) \geq 4 \cdot 3^{g-1} > 2p_2$ , a contradiction. Hence, we cannot have  $(m, p_1, q) = (1, 5, 3)$ . In the latter case  $(m, p_1, q) = (3, 17, 3)$ , we have  $\sigma^{**}(N) = 2^6 3^g$  and therefore  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))/N > (119/64)(10/9) > 2 = \sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))/N$ , which is a contradiction again.

Now the remaining is the case  $p_1=2^{m+1}+1$  is prime and  $e_1=2$ , so that  $p_1^2+1=2q^l$ . Since  $p_1$  must be a Fermat prime, we have  $p_1^2+1\equiv 0\pmod 5$  unless  $m=1,p_1=5$ . Hence, we must have  $p_1=5$  or  $p_1>5, p_1^2+1=2\cdot 5^l$ . If  $p_1^2+1=2\cdot 5^l$ , then Størmer's result [11, p. 26] gives that  $p_1=3$  or 7, neither of which can occur since  $p_1=2^{m+1}+1$  must be a Fermat prime greater than 5. Hence, the only possibility is that  $m=1,p_1=5$  and q=13. We see that  $\sigma^{**}(N)=2^213^g$  and N must have the other prime factor  $p_2$  such that  $N=5^2p_2^{e_2}, \sigma^{**}(p_2^{e_2})=2\cdot 13^{g-1}$  and  $\sigma^{**}(13^g)=10p_2^{e_2}$ . By Lemma 2.4, we must

have  $e_2 \leq 4$ . However, if  $e_2 > 2$ , then  $\sigma^{**}(p_2^{e_2})$  must be divisible by  $2^2$ , which is impossible. If  $e_2 = 2$ , then from Størmer's result [11, p. 26] we obtain that  $p_2 = 239$ ,  $\sigma^{**}(239^2) = 2 \cdot 13^4$  and g = 5, noting that  $p_2 \neq 5$ . Thus 7 = (13+1)/2 must divide  $\sigma^{**}(\sigma^{**}(N))/2 = N = 5^2 p_2^{e_2} = 5^2 \cdot 239^2$ , which is absurd. Finally, if  $e_2 = 1$ , then  $p_2 = 2 \cdot 13^{g-1} - 1$  and  $\sigma^{**}(13^g) = 10p_2 > 15 \cdot 13^{g-1} > \sigma^{**}(13^g)$ , which is a contradiction. Now our proof is complete.

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#### T. Yamada

Center for Japanese language and culture Osaka University 562-8558, 8-1-1, Aomatanihigashi, Minoo Osaka Japan tyamada1093@gmail.com